

PRZELECKA, A.; WRONISZEWSKA, A.

Cytochemical distribution of phosphatases and esterases in malpighian tubes of larvae and adults of *Galleria mellonella*. *Folia biol* 10 no.3/4:293-294 '62.

1. Department of Biochemistry, Nencki Institute of Experimental Biology, Warsaw. Head: W. Niemirko, Ph.D.

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DUSZYNSKA, I.; PRZELECKA, A.

Report from a conference on cell biology studies.
Kosmos biol 12 no.6:535-537 '63.

BARANSKA, J.; PRZELECKA, A.

Cytochemical localization of phospholipids and of alkaline phosphatase in oocytes of *Galleria mellonella*. *Folia morphol* 21 no.3:353-357 '62.

1. Department of Biochemistry, Nencki Institute of Experimental Biology, Warsaw. Head of Department: Prof. Dr W. Niemierko.

PRZELECKA, A.; DABCZYNSKA, D.; ZAN-KOWALCZEWSKA, M.

Cytochemical localization of phospholipids and of some hydrolases
in the oocytes of *Rana temporaria*. *Folia morphol* 21 no.3:359-361
'62.

1. Department of Biochemistry, Nencki Institute of Experimental
Biology, Warsaw. Head of Department: Prof. dr. W. Niemierko.

PRZELECKA, A.; DOMINAS, H.; SARZALA, M.G.

Indigogenic method of histochemical localization of alkaline phosphatase. *Folia morphol* 21 no.3:371-376 '62.

1. Zakład Biochemii, Instytut Biologii Doswiadczałnej im. M. Nenckiego Warszawa. Kierownik: prof. dr W. Niemierko.

POLAND

A. PRZELECKA and W. URONISZEWSKA, Department of Biochemistry, Nencki Institute of Experimental Biology, Head W. NIEMIŃSKI, PhD, [Original version not given] Warsaw.

"Cytochemical Distribution of Phosphatases and Esterases in Malpighian Tubes of Larvae and Adults of *Galleria mellonella*."

Krakow. Folia Biologica, Vol 10, No 3-4, 1962; pp 293-294.

Abstract [English article]: Alkaline and acid phosphatases and esterases were found only in the upper part, in agreement with the findings (unpublished) of Menzel in the housefly and the German roach; apparently this is due to the functional difference between the 2 parts. The references: Menzel unpublished communication, Wigglesworth's Insect Physiology.

1/1

PRZELECKA, Aleksandra, dr., (Warszawa)

Application of microelectrophoresis to histochemical demonstrations of phosphatases and esterases in the intestinal content of larvae of *Galleria Mellonella*. *Folia Morphologica* 12 no. 2/3:197-202 '61.

1. Nencki Institute of Experimental Biology, Dept. of Biochemistry, Warsaw.

*

PRZEMYLSKI, Janusz

An evaluation of the execution of the plan for 1961 by the
Railroad Rolling Stock Repair Shops. Przegl kolej mechan 14
no.8:236, 245-246 Ag '62.

1. Departament Ekonomiczny Ministerstwa Komunikacji, Warszawa.

PRZEMYSKI, Janusz

Problems of the draft of the plan of the Railroad Rolling
Stock Repair Shops for 1963. Przegl kolej mechan 14 no.12:
353-355 D '62.

1. Departament Ekonomiczny, Ministerstwo Komunikacji, Warszawa.

MYSAKOWSKA, Helena; PRZYMYSKA, Barbara; WOJDYLO, Julia

2019 operations of pleural endoscopy and of cauterization of pleural adhesions by the method of Jacobaeus. Ann. univ. Lublin sec. D 15: 271-289 '60.

1. Z Katedry i Kliniki Ftyzjatrycznej Wydziału Lekarskiego Akademii Medycznej w Lublinie Kierownik: doc. dr med. Helena Mysakowska.
(PNEUMOLYSIS)

LEZIAK, Zygmunt; PRZEMYSKA, Barbara

Acute suicidal isonicotinic acid hydrazide poisoning. Pol. tyg. lek.
17 no.7:263-265 12 F '62.

1. Z Kliniki Ftyzjatrycznej AM w Lublinie; kierownik: doc. dr med.
Helena Mysakowska.

(ISONIAZID toxicol) (SUICIDE)

MYSAKOWSKA, Helena; GRODZKI, Stanislaw; PRZEWORSKA, Barbara;
SZAREWICZ, Wieslawa; SREDNICKA, Danuta

Comparison of efficiency of large and small doses of isoniazid
in combined treatment in pulmonary tuberculosis. Pol. tyg. lek.
20 no.16:562-564 19 Ap '65.

1. Z Katedry Fizjologii AM w Lublinie (Kierownik: doc. dr. med.
Helena Mysakowska).

Country : POLAND
Category: Soil Science. Cultivation. Improvement.
Erosion.
Abs Jour: RZhBiol., No 14, 1958, No 63148
Author : Przenyski, Stefan
Inst : -
Title : The Retention of Thawed Water in Loess Earths
Orig Pub: Gospod. wodn., 1956, 16, No 6, 266

Abstract: Excessive terracing of fields in regions of loess occurrence causes the formation on slopes of hollows and lakes. The removal of melted snow from horizontal elements of the relief may be conveniently brought about by means of channels lined with s.d. -- I.S. Skandrakova

Card : 1/1

PRZEMYSŁAW, Gabryel; NIEDZIELSKA, Danuta

Unusual primary tumor of the heart; angioreticuloma. Pat.
polska 7 no.1:37-39 Jan-Mar 56.

1. Z Zakładu Anatomii Patol. A. M. w Poznaniu Kier. prof dr. J.
Groniowski Poznan, Kosia 9, Zakl. Anat. Patolog. A. M.

(HEART, neoplasms,
angio-reticuloma. (Pol))

ANGIOMA,
heart, angio-reticuloma. (Pol))

Przemysław Mastalerz

CH

Action of hydrogen halides upon the P-N bond in some amide derivatives of phosphoric acid. Zofia Skrowaczewska and Przemysław Mastalerz (Inst. Technol. Wrocław, Poland). *Recl. Chim. 29*, 415-30 (1955) (English summary). $RR'NPO(OEt)_2$, where R and R' = H, Et, Ph, react readily with HCl in anhyd. medium as follows: $RR'NPO(OEt)_2 + 2HCl \rightarrow RR'HN.HCl + ClPO(OEt)_2$ (I). Thus $Me_2NPO(OEt)_2$ gave 87% I and 98% $Me_2NH.HCl$; $Et_2NPO(OEt)_2$ in CH_2 gave 73% I [isolated as $PhNHPO(OEt)_2$] and 80% $Et_2NH.HCl$; and $PhMeNPO(OEt)_2$ in CH_2 gave 76% I and 87% $PhMeN.HCl$. Related Ph esters, with the exception of $Me_2NPO(OEt)_2$, gave poor yields or no yields, depending upon the reaction medium and temp. Cl atoms as substituents on the P atom made the P-N bond resistant to the action of HCl, except in the case of Me_2NPOCl_2 , which gave 64% $POCl_2$ and $Me_2NH.HCl$. In a mixed amide $H_2N(Me_2CHN)P(O)OPh$, the Me_2N was eliminated and in $(Me_2N)_2POF$ both Me_2N groups were split off. HBr affected the P-N bond similarly but more strongly than HCl and gave good yields with the Ph esters and with Me_2NPOCl_2 . The action of HI was accompanied by side reactions, and HF was inactive. Hence the order of the ability of substituents on the N to facilitate the action of HCl was $Me > Et > Ph \geq H$, and the corresponding sequence for substituents on the P atom was $EtO > PhO > Cl$. P. Dreifuss

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PRZEMYSŁAW, OLSZEWSKI

Poland/ Cosmochemistry. Geochemistry. Hydrochemistry

D.

Abs Jour : Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 4, 1957, 11554

Author : Olszewski Przemyslaw

Title : Industrial Utilization of Cold Deep-Level Lake Waters

Orig Pub : Wykorzystanie przemyslowe zimnych wod z glebin jeziornych.
Arch. hydrotechn., 1956, 3, No 1, 67-72 (Polish; Russian and English
summaries)

Abstract : It is noted that in most lakes during summer the upper layers are warmer (20-27°); in autumn overall circulation of water in the lakes equalizes the temperature, which drops to +4°; in the spring the same phenomenon is observed as in autumn; in winter under the ice < +4°. Upper waters are rich in plankton, are softer and weakly alkaline; deep-level waters are poor in plankton, are harder and neutral. Apparently waters of lower layers are more suitable for utilization in refrigeration industry during almost one half of the year.

Card 1/1

LIS, Jozef; PRZENIOSLO, Stanislaw

An attempt to apply the $\text{Fe}^{3+} : \text{Fe}^{2+}$ ratio for the determination of the weathering degree of granites based on an example of Karkonosze granite. Przegl geolog 10 no.7:350-351 J1 '62.

1. Instytut Geologiczny, Warszawa.

P/053/62/000/010/004/004
E192/E482

AUTHOR: Przepiorkiewicz, Ireneusz

TITLE: Production of fine-structure grids by the photo-engraving method

PERIODICAL: Przegląd elektroniki, no.10, 1962, 601-602

TEXT: A method for producing rasters employed in the photo-engraving technique of making fine grids was devised. The rasters so produced had a density of 10 lines/mm, the width of a line being about 20 μ . Rasters covering areas of up to 4 dm² were made. A raster is made in two stages: 1) a sheet of film of very high contrast and resolving power is stretched on an accurate metal cylinder which is fixed on a precision lathe; an optical system having a light spot of a few μ in diameter is used instead of the lathe cutter, the cylinder being revolved at a speed dependent on the brightness of the light spot and the sensitivity of the film; after a helix is traced on the film this is taken off the cylinder and developed; 2) the raster is then printed twice on a glass Lippmann plate, the second print being effected with the negative turned by 90°; the lines so crossed

Card 1/2

Production of fine-structure ...

P/053/62/000/010/004/004
E192/E482

form a grid which can be used as a raster for making grid moulds. It is thought that by using special Lippmann plates and high-precision lathes the spacing between grid lines can be reduced to 50 μ .

ASSOCIATION: Przemysłowy Instytut Elektroniki
(Industrial Institute of Electronics)



Card 2/2

PRZEPISKIEWICZ, Ireneusz

Photographic method of producing micro-structural ~~screens~~. Przegl
elektroniki 3 no.3:145 Mr '62

1. Przemyslowy Instytut Elektroniki, Warszawa.

PRZERADOWSKI, J.

"Montaz i demontaz obrabiarek w warsztatach szkolnych" (Assembly and disassembly of machine tools in school workshops), by J. Przeradowski. Reported in New Books (Nowe Książki), No. 14, July 15, 1955

Przerwa-Tetmajer M.

Przerwa-Tetmajer M., Arch. Eng. "The Mlynów Residential District"
(Mlynów - dzielnica mieszkaniowa). Architektura. No 5, 1949,
pp. 13¹/₂-14²/₂, 15 figs., 1 tab.

This is a project, which has just been carried out in Warsaw, for a settlement on the Mlynów area. The Mlynów settlement provides for 50,000 inhabitants. The whole district has an area of 201 hectares and is divided into six settlements. The settlements will be provided with all the necessary services and cultural institutions, such as schools, department stores, nurseries, people's halls, cinemas and so on. The settlements will have three types of buildings: 1) four story "gallery buildings" with flats of 2 and 1¹/₂ rooms, 2) four story "cage buildings" with flats of 2 and 3 rooms and 3) eleven story, "Tower buildings" with flats of 2 and 2¹/₂ rooms.

SO: Polish Technical Abstracts No. 2, 1951

PRZERWA-TETMAJER, A.

PRZERWA-TETMAJER, A.

Effect of fresh and preserved tissue on the course of certain surgical diseases in children; observations of 26 cases. *Pediat. polska*, 24:3-4, Mar.-Apr. 50. p. 261-86

1. Of the Surgical Department of the First Clinic for Infectious Diseases of Children of the Medical Academy (Clinic's Director—Prof. M. Michalowicz, M. D.). (Head of the Department—Docent J. Kossakowski, M. D.).

CML 19, 5, Nov., 1950

MEIZGER, Mieczyslaw; PRZERWA-TETMAJER, Andrzej; WOJCIECHOWSKI, Zygmunt

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/15/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001343420018-5

of experimental toxoplasmosis in white rats. *Arch. immun. ther. exp.* 11 no.1/2:227-233 '63.

1. Department of Protozoology, Institute of Immunology and Experimental Therapy, Polish Academy of Sciences, Wrocław.
(TOXOPLASMOSIS, ANIMAL) (ZYMOSAN)
(CORTISONE) (PHARMACOLOGY) (RADIATION EFFECTS)

PRZETWA-TECHN. JCB, A.

"A Surgically Treated Case of Large Intestinal Volvulus in a Six Month Old Infant."

S: Polski tygodn. lek., V 1.3 (1952), No. 9, pp. 345-347.

PRZES, Bethon

New animals in the terrarium and aquarium of the Budapest Zoo.
Term tud kozl 5 (93) no.3:132-133 Mr. '62.

FRZYMOKA, E.

Resources of iron ore and regions of iron ore production in the capitalist world. p.270.
(GEOGRAFIA W SZKOLE, Warszawa, Vol. 7, no. 5, Sept./Oct. 1954.)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EEAL), LC, Vol. 4, No. 4, Jan. 1955, Uncl.

DZIEWIT, J.T.; KUCHARCZYK, W.; PRZESMYCKA, I.; SKORCZYNSKI, M.

The clinical course in 101 cases of trichinellosis in hospital of infectious diseases in Chorzow (1960). *Wiadomosci parazyt.* 6 no.4:335 '60.

1. The Hospital of Infectious Diseases and the Labor, for Immunopathology of Pregnancy and Infant, Katowice, Poland.
(TRICHINOSIS epidemiol)

POWROZNY, Wladyslaw; PRZESMYCKA, Irena; PRZESMYCKI, Jan

Evaluation of paraprotein C in syphilis and some dermatoses. Przegl. derm. 49 no.2:137-143 '62.

1. Z Oddzialu Dermatologicznego Szpitala Miejskiego nr VI im. dr
L. Leszczynskiego w Katowicach Ordynator: dr W. Powrozny.

(C REACTIVE PROTEIN) (SYPHILIS blood) (SKIN dis)

POLAND

STARZYK, J., KUCHARCZYK, W., PRZESNYCKA, I., and PRZESNYCKI, J., Department of Microbiology (Zaklad Mikrobiologii), Pharmaceutical Division (Wydzial Farmaceutyczny), AM [Akademia Medyczna, Medical Academy] in Krakow (Director: Decent. Dr. J. STARZYK) and the Wojewodstwo Outpatient Clinic (Wojewodska Przychodnia) of Immunopathology of Pregnancy and Infants (Immunopatologii Ciasy in Noworodka) in Katowice (Director: Dr. M. SKORCZYMSKI)

"An Evaluation of Some Substrates Employed in the Diagnosis of Infection Caused by Trichomonas Vaginalis."

Warsaw-Krakow, Przegląd Lekarski, Vol 19, Ser II, No 5, 22 May 63, p 256.

Abstract: Authors assayed eight of the simple and complex media recommended in the literature for the determination of Trichomonas vaginalis. They found that growth varied with the strains, but that on the whole complex media containing aminoacids and vitamins were better. They obtained best results with Feinberg's and CPLM (Stepkowski modification) media. There are 3 Polish and 4 Western references.

1/1

S/081/62/000/024/056/073
B166/B186

AUTHORS: Przesmycki, Jan, Szmyd, Tadeusz, Kucharczyk, Wiktor,
Przesmycka, Irena

TITLE: Electronic device for measuring electrophoretic fractions

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 24, 1962, 510, abstract
24I290 (Polish Patent 45166, Nov. 8, 1961)

TEXT: The patent is for a device which enables simple, quick and practically error-free measurements to be made for quantitative evaluation of electrophoresis patterns. The instrument is designed to convert individual fractions into corresponding values of an electric current, to display the separated fractions on the screen of an oscilloscope, to integrate the results and to present them in a percentage expression. The measuring process takes 3 min, not counting the time taken by the electron tubes to warm up. [Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

Card 1/1

GABRYS, Karol.J.; PRZESMYCKA, Irena

Proteinogram in experimental toxoplasmosis in the dog. Wiad.
parazyt. 9 no.6:531-534 '63

1. Wojewodzki Zaklad Higieny Weterynarnej, Katowice.

POWROZNY, Wladyslaw; PRZESMYCKA, Irena; PRZESMYCKI, Jan

Evaluation of paraprotein C in syphilis and certain dermatoses.
Przegl.derm. Warsz. 47 no.6:479-486 N-D '60.

1. Z Oddzialu Dermatologicznego Szpitala Miejskiego Nr VI im.
dr R.Leszczynskiego w Katowicach, Ordynator: dr W. Powrozny.
(SYPHILIS blood)
(DERMATOLOGY blood)
(C-REACTIVE PROTEINS)

PRZESMUTKA, Sławomir; SZMUCH, Bolesław

2 cases of mandibular sialoliths operated on through the mouth.
Ann. Univ. Lublin sect. B 19:394-398 '64.

1. Katedra i Klinika Otolaryngologiczna, Wydział lekarski, AM
w Lublinie (Kierownik: prof. dr. Benedykt Dylawski).

SEMOCZUK, Bolesław; PRZEMYSKA, Sabina

Studies on the role of dentition in the development of peritonsillar abscesses. Pol. tygod. lek. 20 no.15:531-533 12 Ap '65.

1. Z Kliniki Otolaryngologicznej AM w Lublinie (Kierownik: prof. dr. med. Benedykt Dylewski).

PRZESMYCKA, Sabina

Effect of the conditions of the teeth on postoperative course
following tonsillectomy. Otolar. polska 8 no.1:67-74 1954.

1. Z Kliniki Otolaryngologicznej Akademii Medycznej w Lublinie.
Kierownik: prof. dr med. B.Dylewski.

(TONSILS, surgery,

postop. course, eff. of cond. of teeth)

(TEETH,

eff. of cond. of teeth on postop. course in tonsillectomy)

DYLEWSKI, Benedykt; KUZNIARSKA, Krystyna; PRZESMYCKA, Sabina; BARTOSZEWICZ, Karol; WLODARSKI, Bronislaw; SEMCZUK, Boleslaw; GORALSKA, Krystyna; LOGWINIENKO, Hanna; WISLOCKA, Helena

Conditions of the upper respiratory tract and ears in patients with pulmonary tuberculosis. *Otolaryngol. polska* 14 no.3:311-319 '60.

1. Z Kliniki Otolaryngologicznej A.M. w Lublinie, Kierownik: prof. dr B.Dylewski.

(TUBERCULOSIS pulmonary pathol)

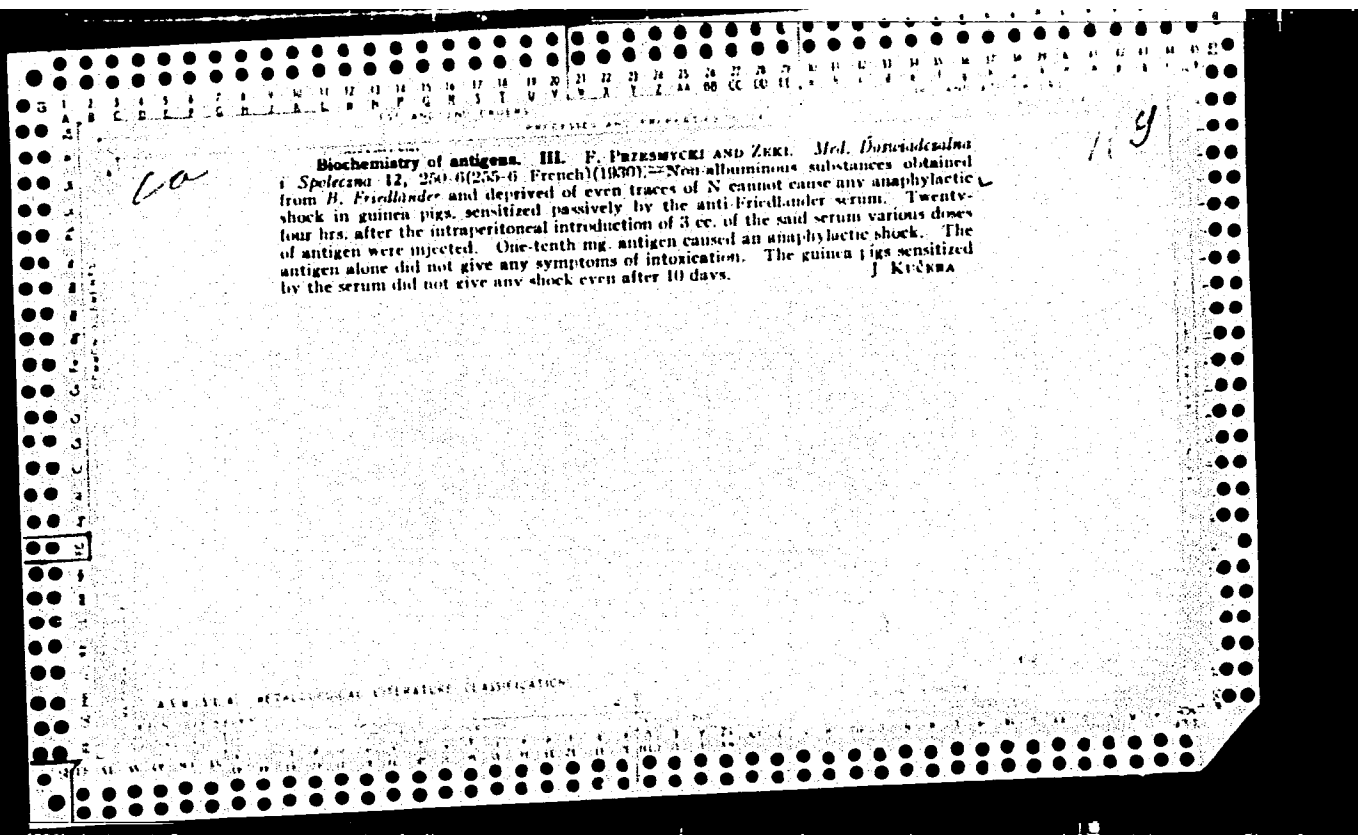
(EAR pathol)

(RESPIRATORY SYSTEM pathol)

PRZESMYCKI, F.

Role of enterovirus in neuroinfections. Neurol neurochir psych 12
no.6:801-807 N-D '62.

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11 G

Methods of investigation and official rules for evaluation of therapeutic sera and bacterial preparations. P. PIZHANSKY. *Med. Doklady* 13, 272-307, 124 (1931). The known methods are reviewed in detail with particular attention to internationally accepted standards. S. LAUFER

PROCEDURES AND PROPERTIES INDEX																									
<i>Enterococci.</i> J. Jakobkiewicz and E. Prasmycki. <i>Med. Doświadczalna Społeczna</i> 15, 331-41 (in French 342) (1932).—One hundred strains of enterococci were isolated from various sources and their characteristics detd. The findings of the most of the authors were confirmed. Of the strains investigated 90% fermented mannitol, 97% esculin and 30% <i>indolans</i>. S. Laufer.																									
ASB-51A METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION																									

PRZESMYCKI, F.

PRZESMYCKI F.

Choroby epidemiczne w Polsce w latach 1945-1948. [Epidemic
diseases in Poland, 1945-48/ Postępy hig. med. doświadcz.
Vol. 1 1949 p. 1-19.

1. Author is the Director of the National Institute of Hygiene.

MIKOLAJCZYK E., PR: SMYCKI P., WOJCIECHOWSKI W.

Wplyw aureomycyny na rickettsia prowazeki hodowana w jalkie
wszy odziezowej. /Effect of aureomycin on Rickettsia prowazeki
cultured in intestine of body lice/ Med. dozw. mikrob. 1:4
1949 p. 602-10.

1. Of the National Institute of Hygiene in Warsaw.
GML Vol 20, No. 2 Feb 1951.

PRZESMICKI F. and HOROWICZ W. Typy zarazka grypy, spotykane w Warszawie.
Doniesienie tymczasowe "Types of influenza virus in Warsaw Polski
Tygodnik Lekarski, Warsaw 1949, 473 (70-74) Tables 7

To identify influenza viruses in Poland, the authors made use of the complement fixation test. The antigens (from Lederle, U.S.A.) were prepared from two standard strains PR-8 type A and Lee-type B. So far a total of 113 blood samples were examined with both antigens. 58 of them were taken from influenza patients (after recovery) and 55 samples of blood were taken from healthy individuals or cases of unknown aetiology. The preliminary results indicate that a positive reaction occurs more often and with higher dilution of the sera with the antigen Lee than with PR-8. The average titre of sera with unknown aetiology or of healthy individuals was stated to be 8 units for the PR-8 type A, and 22 units for the Lee-type B antigen. The average titre of sera in cases of influenza was observed in the influenza sera was for antigen Lee: 452 units and for antigen PR-8: 165 units. The influenza in the Warsaw area seems to be connected mostly with the E-type strain. These observations

-2-

have to be verified by isolation of the virus.

Przesmycki-Warsaw

So: Medical Microbiology and Hygiene, Section V, Vol. 3, No. 1-6

PRZESMYCKI F. and HERCOWICZ W. Z Państwowego Zakładu Higieny w Warszawie. Poziom przeciwciał u ludzi chorych i o nieznanej anamnezie (zdrowych) dla zarazkow grypy A i B w okresie nasilenia epidemii w roku 1948-1949 Antibody content of A and B types of influenza virus during epidemics in the healthy and sick Polski Tygodnik Lekarski, Warsaw 1949, 4/47 (1401-1404) Graphs 1 Tables 4

The authors tried in 1948 to 1949 to establish the type of influenza virus by means of (1) isolation of the virus from the sick, (2) establishment of the antibody level in the patients and in those with unknown history. In two cases they succeeded in isolating the virus and in growing it on chicken embryo; these strains belonged to type B virus. The average concentration of antibodies among the patients and convalescents in the period from October to December 1948 was found to be 61 units for type B and 24 units only for type A (PR-8) The average concentration of antibodies in healthy people or those with unknown history was: 21 units for type B and 8 units for type A. The average concentration of antibodies among the patients and convalescents in the period from January to April 1949 was 72 units for type A and 23 nits for type B while among the healthy people and those with unknown history it was 24 units for type A and 11 units for type B. The findings point to the fact that during the autumn epidemic in 1948, the prevalent type of influenza virus was type B and during the winter and spring epidemic in 1949 type A virus. The analyses were performed on 1,029 subjects, 320 patients or convalescents and 709 healthy persons of those with unknown history.

Przesmycki - Warsaw

So: Medical Microbiology & Hygiene Section IV, Vol. 3, No. 7-12

PRZESMYCKI, F.; PRAZMOWSKI, W.; SEMKOW, R.

Studies on herpes simplex virus. Med.dow.mikrob. 2 no.1:73-84
1950. (CIME 20:5)

1. Of the Institute of Bacteriology of Lodz Medical Academy and
of the National Institute of Hygiene Branch in Lodz.

PRZESMYCKI, F.; WOJCIECHOWSKI, E.; MIKOLAJCZYK, E.

Preventive effect of aureomycin in lice infected with Rickettsia prowazeki. Med.dosw.Mikrob. 2 no.2:284-285 1950. (CIWL 20:6)

1. Summary of the report given at 10th Congress of the Polish Microbiological and Epidemiological Society held in Gdansk, Sept. 1949. (Warsaw.)

PRZESMYCKI, F.; HOROWICZ, W.

Investigation on the curve of antibodies during the epidemics in Lodz in 1949. Med.dosw.Mikrob. 2 no.2:292-293 1950. (CML 20:6)

1. Summary of the report given at 10th Congress of the Polish Microbiological and Epidemiological Society held in Gdansk, Sept. 1949. (Lodz)

PRZESMYCKI, F.; HOROWICZ, W.

Cure of antibodies in influenza and in post influenzal states. Med.
dosw.Mikrob. 2 no.2:293-294 1950. (CML 20:6)

1. Summary of the report given at 10th Congress of the Polish Mi-
crobiological and Epidemiological Society held in Gdansk, Sept.
1949 (Warsaw.)

PRZESMYCKI, F.; PRAZMOWSKI, W.; SEMKOW, R.

Investigations on herpes simplex virus. Med.dosw.Mikrob. 2 no.2:
300-304 1950. (CML 20:6)

1. Summary of the report given at 10th Congress of the Polish Micro-
biological and Epidemiological Society held in Gdansk, Sept.1949.
(Lodz)

PRZESMYCKI, F.

PRZESMYCKI, F.

Virusology as a problem of public health. Poliski Tygod. lek. 5:7,
13 Feb. 50. p. 248-53

CLL 19, 5, Nov., 1950

PRZESMYCKI, F.

Present state of scientific institutions and possibilities in the
development of scientific works in the field of bacteriology.

Polski tygod. lek. 5 no.17:641-649 24 Apr. 1950.

(CIML 20:1)

WAZECZYKA, J.

PRZESMYCKI F.

Plan walki z chorobami zakaźnymi. /Plan for infectious diseases
control/ Polski tygod. lek. 5:22 30 May 50 p. 841-9.

1. NAI

CLML Vol. 20, No. 2 Feb 1951

PRZESNYCKI, F.; PRAZMOWSKI, W.

Studies on the level of antibodies in epidemics of influenza in
Lodz in 1949. Polski tygod. lek. 5 no. 43-44:1499-1502 30 Oct 50.
(CLML 20:5)

1. Of the Institute of Bacteriology of Lodz University and of the
National Institute of Hygiene Branch in Lodz.

PRZESMYCKI, F.

PRZESMYCKI, F.

Influenza; biology and viability of the virus. *Pediat. polska*,
24:3-4, Mar.-Apr. 50. p. 173-91

CILIL 19, 5, Nov., 1950

Przesmycki, F.

PRZESMYCKI F.

Epidemiologia grypy. [Epidemiology of influenza] Pediat. polska
24:7 July 50 p. 549-50.

1. NAT
CML Vol. 20, No. 2 Feb 1951

PRZESMYCKI, F.

Influenza; biology of virus and resistance. Postepy hig.
med. doswiadcz., Warsz. 3:34-64 1951. (CML 21;1)

1. Speech given at the 10th Congress of Polish Microbiologists,
Gdansk, Sept 1949.

PRZESMYCKI, F.; WALKOWSKA, E.

Investigation on the immunization against influenza. Med.
dosw. mikrob. 3 no.1:61-76 1951. (CIML 20:11)

1. Of the National Institute of Hygiene in Warsaw.

PRZESMYCKI, F.; PRAZMOWSKI, W.; SEMKOW, R.

Investigation on herpes simplex virus. Med. dosw. mikrob.,
Warsz. 3 no. 3:233-241 1951. (CML 21:3)

1. Of the National Institute of Hygiene, Warsaw.

PRZESMYCKI, F.; PRAZMOWSKI, W.; SEMKOW, R.

Antigenic properties of herpes virus. Med. dosw. mikrob., Warsz.
4 no. 3:385-386 1952. (CML 23:3)

1. Summary of work progress presented at 11th Congress of Polish
Microbiologists held in Krakow May 1951. 2. Lodz.

PRZESMYCKI, F.; BAKOWSKA-KENCZEWA, K.; SEMKOW, R.; TAYTSCH, Z.

Studies on poliomyelitis virus. I. Isolation of poliomyelitis virus during 1951-52. Med. dosw. mikrob. 5 no.4:391-399 1953.
(CJML 25:5)

1. Of the Virusological Department (Head—Prof. F. Przesmycki M.D.)
of State Institute of Hygiene, Warsaw.

PRZESMYCKI, F.; TAYTSCH, Z.; BAKOWSKA-KENCZEWA, K.; SEMKOW, R.

Studies on poliomyelitis virus. III. Determination of Lansing anti-
bodies level during disease and convalescence in Heine-Medin disease.
Med. dosw. mikrob. 5 no.4:411-416 1953. (CML 25:5)

1. Of the Virusological Department (Head--Prof. F. Przesmycki, M.D.)
of State Institute of Hygiene, Warsaw.

PRZESMYCKI, F.; SEMKOW, R.; TAYTSCH, Z.

Studies on poliomyelitis virus. IV. Determination of strain of poliomyelitis virus isolated in 1952. Med. dosw. mikrob. 5 no. 4:417-421 1953. (CML 25:4)

1. Of the Virusological Department (Head--Prof. F. Przesmycki, M.D.) of State Institute of Hygiene, Warsaw.

MARKERT, W.; PRZESMYCKI, F.

Experimental studies on infection with influenza virus in man. Polski
tygod lek. 8 no.14:521-524 6 Apr 1953. (CLML 24:5)

1. Lecture given at the Lodz Scientific Medical Society on 19 March,
1952. 2. Of the Third Internal Clinic (Head--Prof. W. Markert, M.D.)
of Lodz Medical Academy and of the State Institute of Hygiene (Director
--Prof. F. Przesmycki, M.D.), Warsaw.

PRZESMYCKI, F.

Etiology of infectious jaundice. Polskie arch. med. wewn.
23 no. 44: 582-586 1953. (CML 25:5)

**1. Of the State Institute of Hygiene (Director--Prof. F. Przesmycki,
M.D.), Warsaw.**

PRZESMYCKI, F.

P.O.L. 

Krytyka

Isolation of the poliomyelitis virus in the epidemic of 1951-52.
F. Przesmycki, K. Bakowska-Kenczawa, R. Stańczyk, R. Semkow,
and S. Taytsch (*Bull. Acad. Polon. Sci.*, 1954, 2, 47-50). — A descrip-
tion of the isolation techniques is given, together with the anatomical
and histopathological changes following infection of monkeys.
B. VINRY

PRZESMYCKI,

P O L .

Identification of the type of WAN strain of poliomyelitis virus isolated in 1952. P. Przesmycki, R. Senkowiak, and S. Taytsch (*Bull. Acad. Polon. Sci.*, 1954, 2, 51-53).—An attempt was made to determine the type of WAN strain of the poliomyelitis virus, cultivated during the 1951 epidemic. By means of immunisation of monkeys with standard strains (Brunhilda and Leon) and infection of these same monkeys with the investigated WAN strain, the latter was found to belong to Type I (Brunhilda).

H. VINEY.

PRZESMYCZ. POL.

Poliomyelitis (Lansing) virus antibodies in sera of diseased persons and convalescents. F. Przesmycki, R. Semkow, and S. Taytsch (*Bull. Acad. Polon. Sci.*, 1934, **2**, 57-59).—No increase in the titre of antibodies was noted during the course of the disease, nor was there a definite difference in the amount of antibodies of diseased and healthy persons. A certain dependence exists between the antibodies and the age of the case; the titre was very low up to 5 years and increased after that age. The poliomyelitis epidemic in Poland was probably not caused by Lansing type virus.

B. VINNY.

PRZESMYCKI, Feliks; DOBROWOLSKA, Halina; WALKOWSKA, Elzbieta; ZYCH, Zofia

Antigenic analysis of structure of strains of influenza virus.
Med. dosw. mikrob. 6 no.2:206-212 1954.

1. Z Oddziału Wirusologii Państwowego Zakładu Higieny.
Kierownik: prof. dr F.Przesmycki.
(INFLUENZA VIRUSES, immunology,
*antigenic structure)

PRZESMYCKI, Feliks; BAKOWSKA-KENCZEWA, Krystyna; WALENTYNOWICZ-STANCZYK,
Regina

Isolation of Coxsackie virus in Poland. Med. dosw. mikrob. 6 no.
2:219-221 1954.

1. Z Oddzialu Wirusologii Panstwowego Zakladu Higieny. Kierow-
nik: prof. dr F. Przesmycki.

(COXSACKIE VIRUS,

*isolation in Poland)

PRZESMYCKI, Feliks; SOBROWOLSKA, Halina; FELTYNOWSKI, Antoni; STANCZYK,
Regina; WALKOWSKA, Elzbieta; ZYCH, Zofia; (techniczny wspoludzial)
CIEPINSKA, Swietlana; ZGORZELSKA, Krystyna *Technical cooperation*

Laboratory characteristics of the epidemic of influenza in 1953.
Med. dosw. mikrob. 6 no.3:241-251 1954. *Report*

Dept of Virology State Hygiene Laboratory
1. Z Oddzialu Wirusologii Panstwowego Zakladu Higieny. Kierownik:
prof. dr.F. Przesmycki.

(INFLUENZA, epidemiology,
Poland, statist. analysis)

PRZESMYCKI, Feliks

Ludwik Hirszfild, 1884-1954. Med. dosw. mikrob. 6 no.4:341-344
1954.

(OBITUARIES,
Hirszfild, Ludwik)

PRZESMYCKI, FELIKS.

PRZESMYCKI, Feliks; WALKOWSKA, Elzbieta; DOBROWOLSKA, Halina; ZYCH,
Zofia; PELTYNOWSKI, Antoni; PRZYBYLAKIEWICZ, Zdzislaw; ZANSKI,
Jerzy

Vaccination against influenza. Med.dosw. mikrob. 6 no.4:345-358 1954

1. Z Panstwowego Zakladu Higieny w Warszawie, Oddzialu Wirusologii.
Z Krakowskiej Wytworni Surowic i Szczepionek w Krakowie. Z
Miejskiej Stacji Sanitarno-Epidemiologicznej w Lodzi.

(INFLUENZA, prevention and control,
vacc.)

(VACCINES AND VACCINATION,
influenza, results)

PRZESMYCKI, Feliks

Works of the scientific expedition of the State Institute of Hygiene in the focus of tick-borne encephalitis. Przegl. epidem., Warsz. 8 no.3:203-204 1954.

1. Skład ekspedycji: prof. dr F. Przesmycki, kierownik ekspedycji, lek. R. Semkow, wirusolog, st asystent Oddz. Wirusologii PZH, lek. Z. Kamieniecka asyst. Klin. Neurol. A.M. w Warszawie, dr I. Kirkowska, asyst. Klin. Neurol. A.M. w Warszawie, dr M. Szajna, ordynator Oddz. wewn. Szpitala Miejskiego w N., mgr. S. Kozlowski, entomolog, asyst. Dz. Epidemiologii PZH, mgr. Z. Szymanski, entomolog, asyst. Oddziału Parazytol. PZH.

(ENCEPHALITIS, EPIDEMIC, epidemiology, in Poland)

1. Members of the Expedition: Prof. dr F. Przesmycki, director of the expedition, Dr. R. Semkow, virologist, senior assistant to the Dept. of Virology, State Hygiene Institute Laboratory; Dr. I. Kirkowska, asst. to the Neurological Clinic of the Academy of Medicine in Warsaw; Dr. M. Szajna, asst. to the Neurological Clinic of the Academy of Medicine in Warsaw; Dr. S. Kozlowski, entomologist, asst. to the Dept. of Epidemiology at the State Hygiene Institute; Dr. Z. Szymanski, entomologist, asst. to the Dept. of Parasitology.

PRZEMYSKI, Feliks; TAYTSCH, Zofia; SEMKOW, Romuald; WALENTYNOWICZ-STANCZYK,
Regina

Research on the tick-borne encephalitis; I. biology of the tick
borne encephalitis viral strains isolated in Poland. Przegl.
epidem., Warsz. 8 no.3:205-214 1954.

1. Z Oddzialu Wirusow Panstwowego Zakladu Higieny w Warszawie.
Kierownik: prof. Dr.F.Przemyski
(ENCEPHALITIS, EPIDEMIC, virus
in Poland)

PRZEMYSKI, Feliks; TAYTSCH, Zofia; SEMKOW, Romuald; WALENTYNOWICZ-STANCZYK, Regina; KAMIECZKA, Zofia; KIRKOWSKA, Irena

Research on the tick-encephalitis virus; II. experimental infection of monkeys with the tick-borne encephalitis virus. Przegl. epidem., Warsz. 8 no.3:215-218 1954.

1. Z Oddziału Wirusow Państwowego Zakładu Higieny w Warszawie.
Kierownik prof. dr. F. Przemyski.

(ENCEPHALITIS, EPIDEMIC, experimental
in monkeys)

PRZESMYCKI, W., prof. dr

In Memoriam prof. Dr. Jerzy Morzycki. Przegl. epidem., Warsz. 3 no.4:
236-238 1954.

(OBITUARIES,

Morzycki, Jerzy)

PRZESLYCH, F., and others

Research on tick-borne encephalitis. I. Biology of tick-borne encephalitis virus strains isolated in Poland. II. Experimental encephalitis on monkeys. In English. p. 149.

GEODEZJA I KARTOGRAFIA, Vol. 3, no. 4, 1955.

POLAND

SOURCE: EAST EUROPEAN ACCESSIONS LIST LC Vol. 5, no. 7, 1956, August.

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec.4 Vol.10/2 Microbiology Feb 57

385. PRZESMYCKI F., TAYTSCH Z., SEMKOW R., WALENTYNOWICZ-STANCZYK R., KAMIENIECKA Z. and KIROWSKA I. Dept. of Virol., State Inst. of Hyg., Warsaw. *Research on tick-borne encephalitis. II. Experimental encephalitis on monkeys BULL. ACAD. POLON. SCI. 1955, 3/4 (153-155) Graphs 2

Macacus rhesus monkeys were infected intracerebrally by injecting the suspension of the strains of tick-borne encephalitis virus isolated in Poland from ticks and from patients suffering from encephalitis. Experimental encephalitis followed an identical course in monkeys infected with the standard 'moskva' strain and those infected with standard isolated in Poland. This study proves that all the strains belong to the group of spring-summer tick-borne encephalitis.

Kwapinski - Warsaw

PRZESMYCKI, F.

"Grippe and its prevention." p. 4, (ZDROWIE Vol. 7, no. 1, 1955.
Warszawa, Poland)

SC: Monthly List of East European Accession. (EEAL). LC. Vol. 4. No. 4.
April 1955. Uncl.

PRZESMYCKI - F

Med 16608. Laboratory survey of the 1954 and 1955 influenza epidemics. F. Przesmycki, H. Dobrowolska, Z. Zych, and A. Feltynowski *Bull. Acad. polon. Sci.*, 1956, 4, 111-114 (Dept. of Virology, State Inst. of Hygiene, Warsaw, Poland).—Type A' viruses were responsible for the 1954 epidemic, the majority of strains isolated being akin to the "PAN" strain. All the strains in the 1954 epidemic had a filamentous structure. During the 1955 epidemic, 6 strains belonging to type B were isolated, these being antigenically remote from the Lee strain. Two groups could be distinguished antigenically and otherwise among the B strains; morphologically, all showed oval bodies. It would appear that B strains have become notably unstable. It might thus be possible, analogically to the case of A, to distinguish a subtype B. B. VINAY

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec 4 Vol. 10/11 Microbiology Nov 57

2671. PRZESMYCKI F. and SAWICKI L. Dept. of Virol., State Inst. of Hyg., Warsaw. *Anti-influenza vaccination with an intranasal formaldehyde-treated vaccine. II. Evaluation of the efficacy of vaccination during a B influenza epidemic (1955) BULL. ACAD. POLON. SCI. 1956, 4/4 (141-145) Graphs 2 Tables 4

Anti-influenza vaccinations were introduced in four towns in the autumn of 1954, using an intranasal formalized vaccine containing 6 strains (A, A', and B). The vaccinations and subsequent observations were carried out by special teams working under the guidance of the Epidemiological Sanitary Service. The State Institute of Hygiene was responsible for the scientific leadership. The good and bad aspects of the system of organization applied are discussed in this article. About 150,000 persons were vaccinated. The results of this action were checked on the material of 39,741 persons inoculated, and 45,171 persons not inoculated. The 'internal' system of control was exclusively applied (the non-inoculated persons in the same environment). A large number of factory workers in various branches of industry were inoculated, as well as school children over 8 years old and young people in boarding schools and student hostels. The results of the vaccinations were evaluated by comparing the incidence among those inoculated and those not inoculated, applying the formula for the standard error of difference, assuming as the characteristic $D > 2m$. The greatest effectiveness of the vaccination was obtained in industrial establishments, as was demonstrated by a drop of over double the number

2671

of cases in the incidence among those inoculated. Similar results were obtained in elementary schools. The results ascertained among young people in boarding schools were less satisfactory. The causes of this phenomenon are discussed. The results presented were obtained during periods of observation lasting from 15 to 23 weeks (January to April, 1955), when an epidemic of influenza B was spreading throughout the country.

PRZESMYCKI, Feliks; DOBROWOLSKA, Halina; ZYCH, Zofia; FELTYNOWSKI, Antoni;
przy współudziale techn. Hanny Cieplinskiej i Krystyny Zgorzelskiej

Laboratory characteristics of the 1954-55 epidemic of influenza.
Przegl. epidem., Warsz. 10 no.2:97-102 1956.

1. Z Zakładu Wirusologii P.Z.H. Med. Dosw. i Mikrob. 1954, 3,
241.

(INFLUENZA, epidemiology,
in Poland (Pol))

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec. 17 Vol. 3/7 Public Health July 57

2105. PRZESMYCKI E., SAWICKI L. and DOBROWOLSKA H. Szczepienia przeciwgrypowe w Polsce w roku 1954—1955 *Anti-influenza vaccination in Poland 1954—1955* PRZEGL. EPIDEM. 1956, 10/2 (127—139) Graphs 2 Tables 10

Anti-influenza vaccination was introduced in 4 towns in the autumn of 1954, using an intranasal formolized vaccine containing 6 strains (A, A', and B). The vaccinations and subsequent observations were carried out by special teams. About 150,000 persons were vaccinated. The results of this action were checked in a material of 39,741 persons inoculated, and 45,171 persons not inoculated. The 'internal' system of control was exclusively applied (the non-inoculated persons in the same environment). A large number of factory workers in various branches of industry were inoculated, as well as schoolchildren over 8 yr. old and young people in boarding schools and student hostels. The results of the vaccinations were evaluated applying the formula for the standard error of difference, assuming as the characteristic $D > 2$ m. The greatest effectiveness of the vaccination was obtained in industrial establishments, as was demonstrated by a drop of over twice the number of cases in the incidence among those inoculated. Similar results were obtained in elementary schools. The results ascertained among young people in boarding schools were less satisfactory. The causes of this phenomenon are discussed. The results presented were obtained

2105

during periods of observation lasting from 15 to 23 weeks (January to April, 1955), when an epidemic of influenza B was spreading throughout the country.

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec 4 Vol. 10/11 Microbiology Nov 57

2665. PRZESMYCKI F., TAYTSCH Z., WROBLEWSKA Z., SEMKOW R.,
STANCZYK R., KAMIENIECKA Z., KIRKOWSKA I. and KICINSKA H.
•L'encéphalite à tiques en Pologne. Tick-borne encephalitis in
Poland ANN. INST. PASTEUR 1956, 91/6 suppl. (3-8) Tables 3

A combined expedition, consisting of entomologists, virologists, epidemiologists and clinicians in 1953, established the presence of tick-borne encephalitis in Poland. Nine strains of virus in 1953 and 6 more in 1954 were isolated from the blood and CSF of patients suffering from encephalitis and from ticks. Isolated strains are similar but not identical with the stock strain of Russian spring-summer tick-borne encephalitis. White mice are susceptible to the intracerebral, intraperitoneal and subcutaneous inoculation of the virus. Macacus rhesus monkeys can be infected by intracerebral injection. The pathological picture in experimental animals is that of panencephalitis predominantly of perivascular type. The damage to nerve cells is only slight.

Pavlaák - Brno (XX, 4, 17)

PRZISMYCKI, Feliks; DOBROWOLSKA, Halina

Preparation of polio vaccine in Poland. Med. dosw. mikrob. 10 no.1:
1-14 1958.

1. Z Panstwowego Zakladu Higieny w Warszawie.
(POLIOMYELITIS, immunol.
Salk vaccine, prep. in Poland (Pol))

PRZISMYCKI, Feliks (Warszawa, PZH, ul. Chocimska 24.)

State of investigations on polio vaccines. Polski tygod. lek. 13 no.2:
41-46 13 Jan 58.

(POLIOMYELITIS, immunol.
vaccine, efficacy)

FRASZYŃSKI, F.

Arboviruses in Poland. Arch. roum. path. exp. microbiol. 23
no.3:497-502 1963

1. Department of Virology of the State Institute of Hygiene,
Warsaw; Head: prof. dr. F. Fraszynski.

PRZESMYCKI, Feliks; DOBROWOLSKA, Halina; MIISKI, Bronislaw; STANCZYK, Regina;
WIOIt, Halina; ZALESKA, Helena

Evaluation of oral poliomyelitis vaccines prepared from Koprowski's strains CHAT (type 1) and Fox (type 3). I. Evaluation of the inoculation activity according to virological and serological studies. Przegl. epidem. 15 no.3:213-232 '61.

1. Z Zakladu Wirusologii PZH w Warszawie Kierownik: prof. dr
F.Przesmycki.

(POLIOMYELITIS immunol) (VACCINATION)

PRZESMYCKI, Feliks

Preventive vaccination against poliomyelitis. Pediat pol 36 no.10:
1019-1025 0 '61.

(POLIOMYELITIS immunol)

(VACCINATION)

PRESENCH, Polks

A search for arbov. viruses previously not known to occur in Poland. I. Plan and organization of the study. Przegl. epidem. 18 no.4:377-380 '64.

1. Z Państwowego Zakładu Higieny w Warszawie.

L 45503-65

ACCESSION NR: AP5014784

PO/0002/64/000/004/0117/0127

AUTHOR: Przesmycki, Feliks (Professor, Director-emeritus)(Warsaw)

TITLE: The State Institute of Hygiene and its role in shaping the health service, in the period 1918-1963

SOURCE: Nauka Polska, No. 4, 1964, 117-127

TOPIC TAGS: medical research facility, infective disease

Abstract: The article reviews the history of the Institute, its activities and accomplishments since 1918. Its original purpose was to diagnose, study and combat infectious diseases, but the scope has grown ever since and so has its importance in the country's health service and related scientific activity. At the same time, the organization has been changing too, as is shown on administrative charts. The Institute has a library with 78,610 volumes and publishes three periodicals: Medycyna Dos'wiadczalna i Mikrobiologia (Experimental Medicine and Microbiology), Przegląd Epidemiologiczny (Epidemiological Review) and Roczniki Pan'stwowego Zakladu Higieny (Annals of the State Institute of Hygiene).

Orig. art. has 3 tables.

Card 1/2

L 45503-65

ACCESSION NR: AP5014784

ASSOCIATION: Państwowy Zakład Higieny, Warsaw (State Institute of Hygiene)

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JPRS

Card

2/276

WROBLEWSKA-MULARCZYKOWA, Zofia; ZOLTOWSKI, Zbigniew; DOBRZYNSKI, Leszek;
PRZESMYCKI, Feliks; SZYKULA, Roman; OLKOWSKA, Danuta; SWOBODZINA,
Ewa; SZYMANSKI, Stanislaw; KOZLOWSKI, Slawomir; ZUKOWSKI, Kazimierz.

A search for arborviruses previously not known to occur in
Poland. II. Serologic and virologic studies in selected areas
of Warsaw and Bialystok. Przegl. epidem. 18 no.4:381-390 '64.

BOZLANSKI, Stanislaw; SEWANSKI, Stanislaw; ZOLICHOWSKI, Zygmunt; KARIMIERZ: FREEMAN, Leslie; PIELOWSKI, Zygmunt; RYSZKOWSKI, Leslaw.

A search for arboviruses previously not known to occur in Poland. III. Preliminary and entomologic study of the Kampinos Forest and adjoining areas. Przegl. epidem. 18 no.4:391-399 1964.

DOBRZYNSKI, Leszek; WROBLEWSKA-MULARCZYKOWA, Zofia; TAYTSCH, Zofia
Florentyna; PRZESMYCKI, Feliks; OIKOWSKA, Danuta; SWOBODZINA,
Ewa.

A search for arborviruses previously not known to occur in
Poland. IV. Virologic and serologic studies in the Kampinos
Forest. Przegl. epidem. 18 no.4:401-409 '64.

WROBLEWSKA-MULARCZYKOWA, Zofia; TATTSCH, Zofia Florentyna; PRZESMYCKI, Feliks; SWIRSKI Zbigniew; OLKOWSKA, Danuta; SWOBODZINA, Ewa.

A search for arborviruses previously not known to occur in Poland. V. A preliminary study of the routes of invasion of new arborviruses in this country. Przegl. epidem. 18 no.4: 411-417 '64.

PRZPSMYCKI, Feliks

Structure and biology of a virus. *Dotery mikrobiol.* 3 no.2:
249-264 '64

1. Department of Virology, State Institute of Hygiene,
Warsaw.